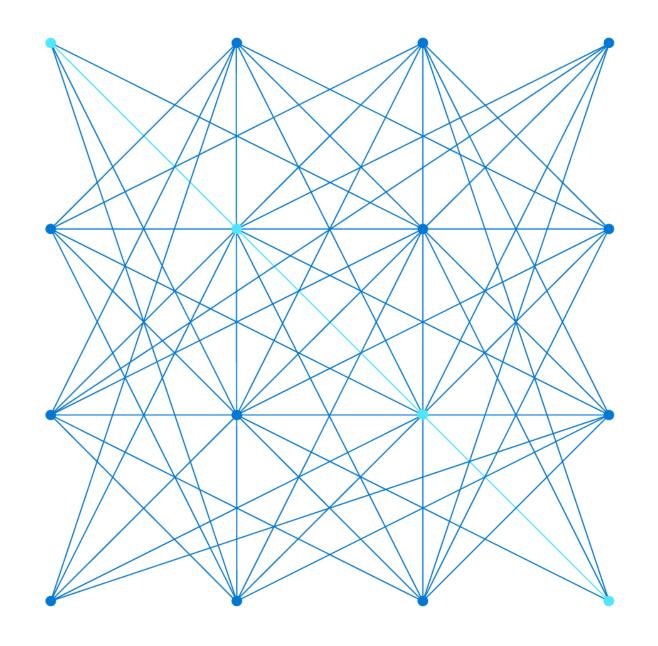


Module 3: Explore non-relational data in Azure

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Explore non-relational data services in Azure

Agenda



Explore provisioning and deploying non-relational data services in Azure



Manage non-relational data stores in Azure

Lesson 1: Explore non-relational data services in Azure



Lesson 1 objectives



Explore use-cases and management benefits of using Azure Table storage



Explore use-cases and management benefits of using Azure Blob storage

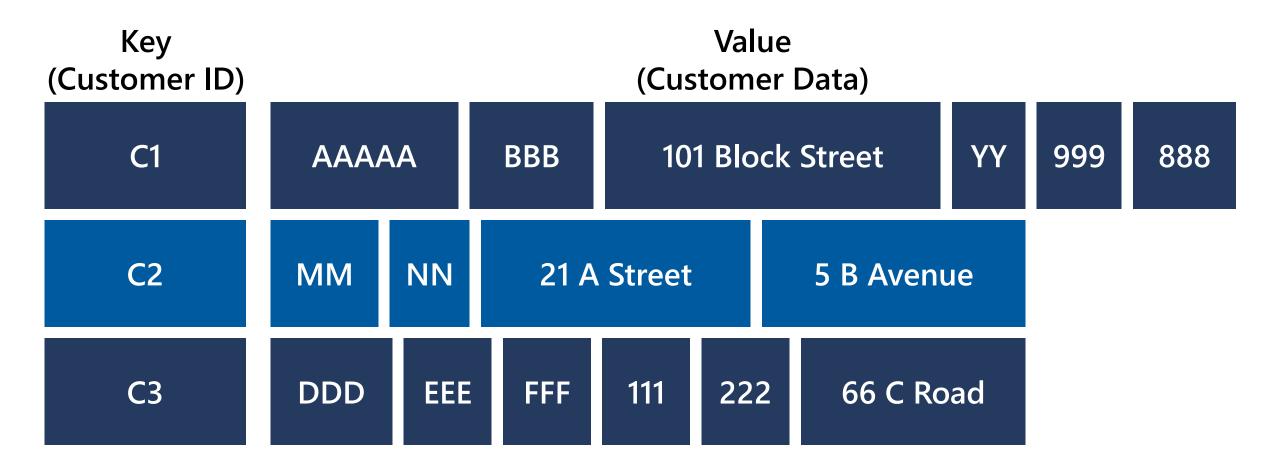


Explore use-cases and management benefits of using Azure File storage



Explore use-cases and management benefits of using Azure Cosmos DB

Explore Azure Table storage



Explore Azure Blob storage

Block blobs

Has a maximum size of 4.7TB

Best for storing large, discrete, binary objects that changes infrequently

Each individual block can store up to 100MB of data

A block blob can contain up to 50000 blocks

Page blobs

Can hold up to 8TB of data

Is organized as a collection of fixed sized-512 byte pages

Used to implement virtual disk storage for virtual machines

Append blobs

The maximum size is just over 195GB

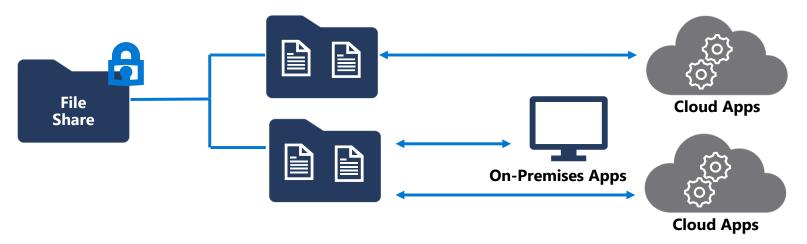
Is a block blob that is used to optimize append operations

Each individual block can store up to 4MB of data

Explore Azure File storage

Azure File Storage creates files shares in the cloud and provides the ability to access the file shares from anywhere with an internet connection.

- Uses Server Message Block 3.0 (SMB) to share files
- Share up to 100 TB of data in a single storage account
- Fully managed service data is replicated locally and is encrypted at rest



What is Azure Cosmos DB?

Azure Cosmos DB is a multi-model NoSQL database management system.

- Cosmos DB manages data as a partitioned set of documents.
- Real time access with fast read and write latencies.
- Takes advantage of Azure scaling and storage capabilities.



Use cases for Azure Cosmos DB

Web and retail

Using Azure Cosmos DB's multimaster replication model along with Microsoft's performance commitments, Data Engineers can implement a data architecture to support web and mobile applications that achieve less than a 10-ms response time anywhere in the world

Gaming

The database tier is a crucial component of gaming applications. Modern games perform graphical processing on mobile/console clients but rely on the cloud to deliver customized and personalized content like in-game stats, social media integration, and high-score leader boards

IoT scenarios

Hundreds of thousands of devices have been designed and sold to generate sensor data known as Internet of Things (IoT) devices. Using technologies like Azure IoT Hub, Data Engineers can easily design a data solution architecture that captures real-time data. Cosmos DB can accept and store this information very quickly

Lesson 1: Knowledge check (continued on next slide)



What are the elements of an Azure Table storage key?

- ☐ Table name and column name
- Y Partition key and row key
- Row number



When should you use a block blob, and when should you use a page blob?

- Use a block blob for unstructured data that requires random access to perform reads and writes. Use a page blob for discrete objects that rarely change.
- Use a block blob for active data stored using the Hot data access tier, and a page blob for data stored using the Cool or Archive data access tiers
- Use a page block for blobs that require random read and write access. Use a block blob for discrete objects that change infrequently



Why might you use Azure File storage?

- ☐ To share files that are stored on-premises with users located at other sites
- To enable users at different sites to share files
- ☐ To store large binary data files containing images or other unstructured data

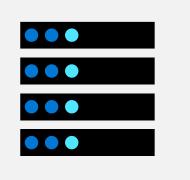
Lesson 1: Knowledge check (continued)



You are building a system that monitors the temperature throughout a set of office blocks, and sets the air conditioning in each room in each block to maintain a pleasant ambient temperature. Your system has to manage the air conditioning in several thousand buildings spread across the country/region, and each building typically contains at least 100 air-conditioned rooms. What type of NoSQL data store is most appropriate for capturing the temperature data to enable it to be processed quickly?

- Send the data to an Azure Cosmos DB database and use Azure Functions to process the data
- ☐ Store the data in a file stored in a share created using Azure File Storage
- ☐ Write the temperatures to a blob in Azure Blob storage







Provision non-relational data services



Configure non-relational data services



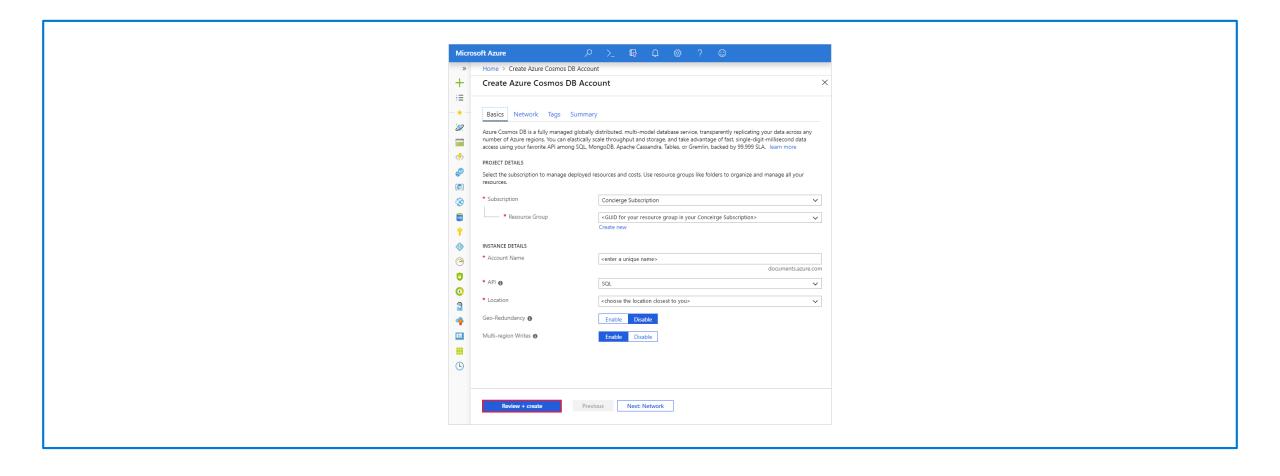


Explore basic connectivity issues



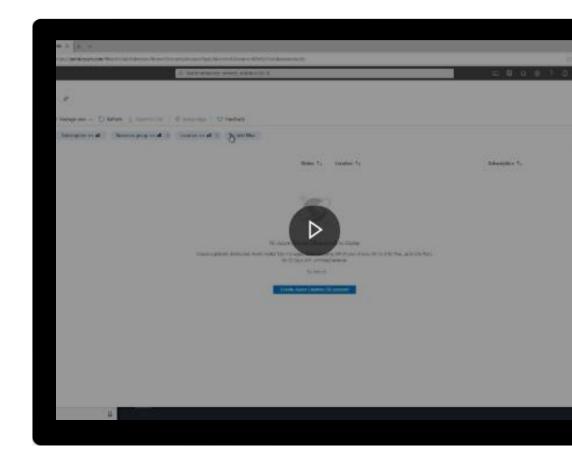
Explore data security components

Provisioning Cosmos DB



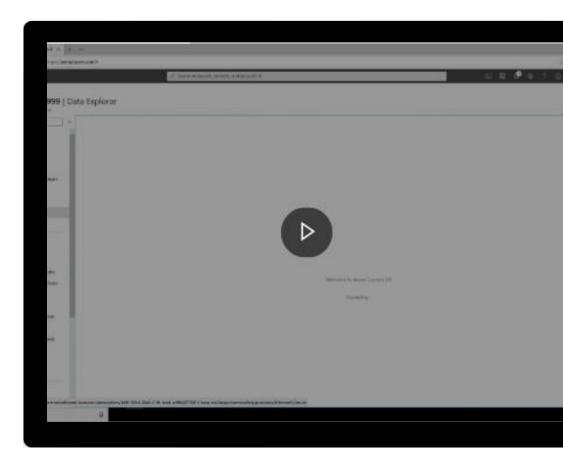
Demo: How to provision a Cosmos DB account

You can provision a Cosmos DB account interactively using the Azure portal, or you can perform this task programmatically through the Azure CLI, Azure PowerShell, or an Azure Resource Manager template. This video describes how to use the Azure portal

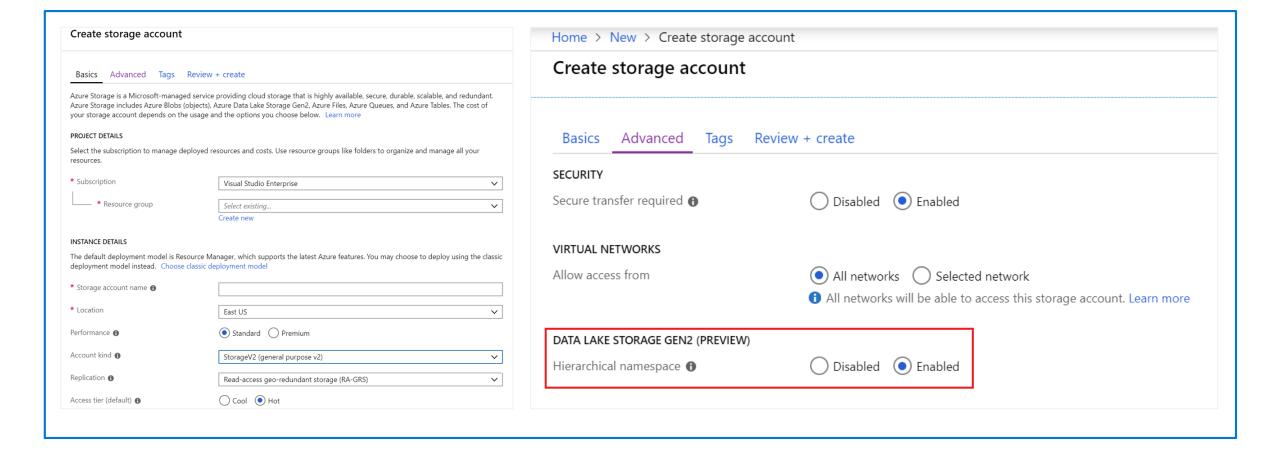


Demo

Use the Azure portal to create a database and container

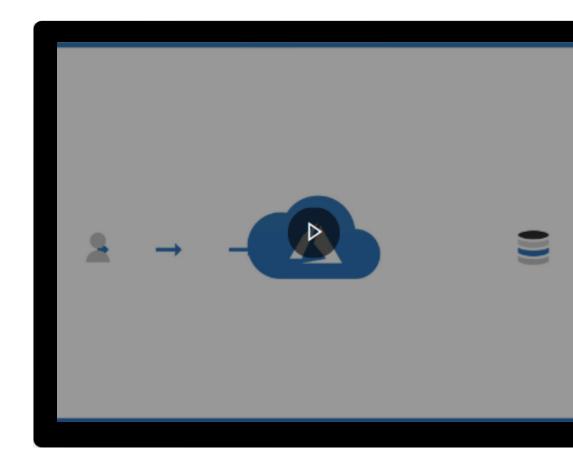


Provisioning Data Lake storage

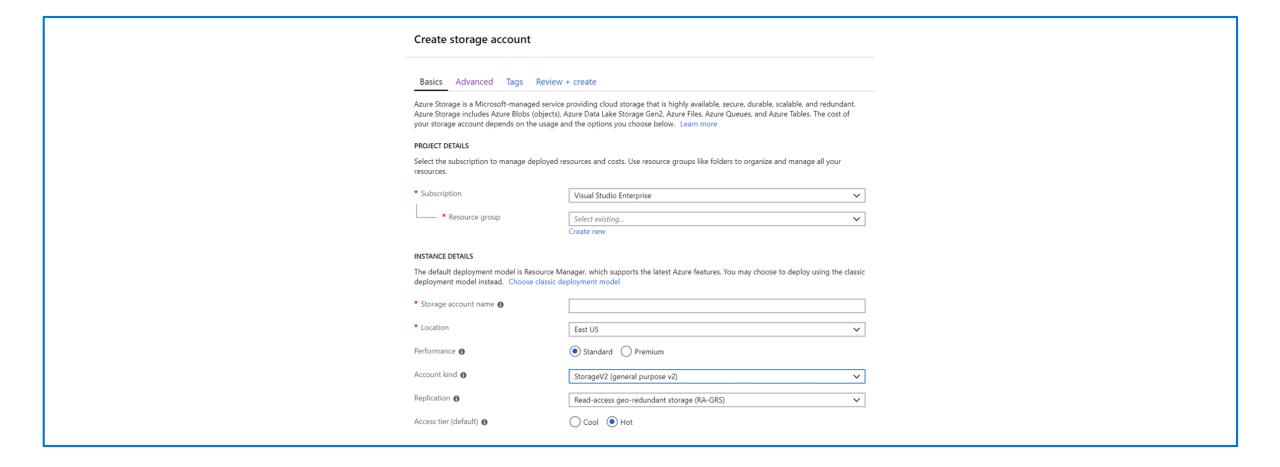


Demo: Azure authentication

Azure AD is a separate Azure service. You add users and other security principals (such as an application) to a security domain managed by Azure AD. This video describes how authentication works with Azure



Configure storage accounts



Lesson 2: Knowledge check



What is provisioning?

- The act of running series of tasks that a service provider performs to create and configure a service
- ☐ Providing other users access to an existing service
- ☐ Tuning a service to improve performance



What is a security principal?

- A named collection of permissions that can be granted to a service, such as the ability to use the service to read, write, and delete data. In Azure, examples include Owner and Contributor.
- A set of resources managed by a service to which you can grant access
- 🗹 An object that represents a user, group, service, or managed identity that is requesting access to Azure resources



Which of the following is an advantage of using multi-region replication with Cosmos DB?

- ☐ Data will always be consistent in every region
- ☐ Increased security for your data

Lesson 3: Manage non-relational data stores in Azure



Lesson 3 objectives

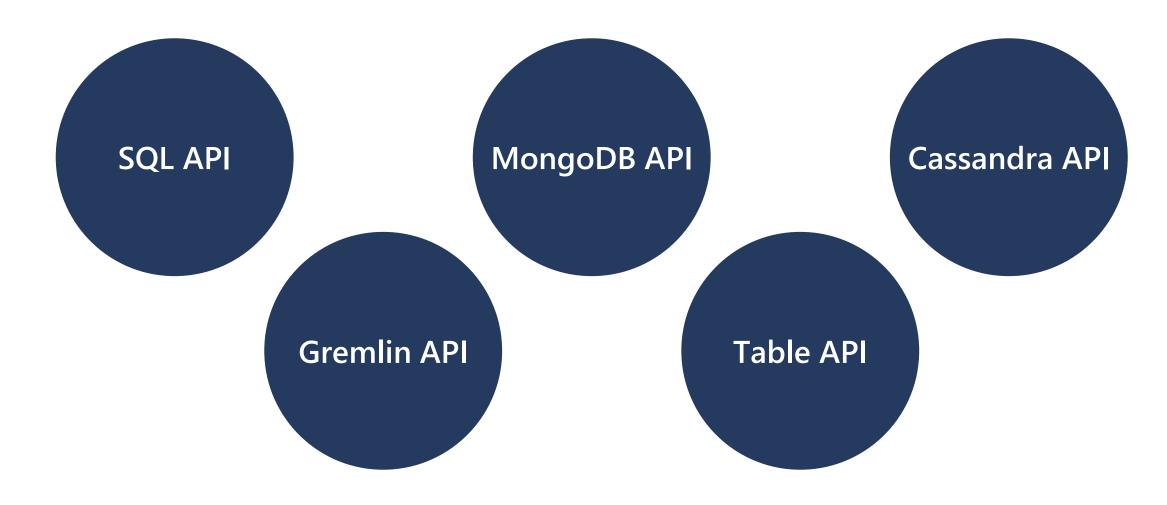


Upload data to a Cosmos DB database, and learn how to query this data



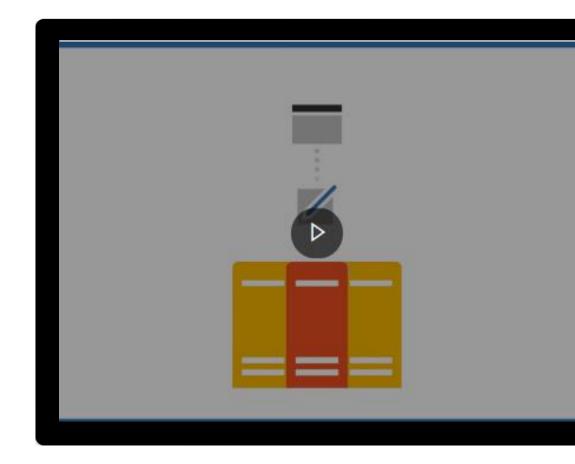
Upload and download data in an Azure Storage account

Cosmos DB APIs

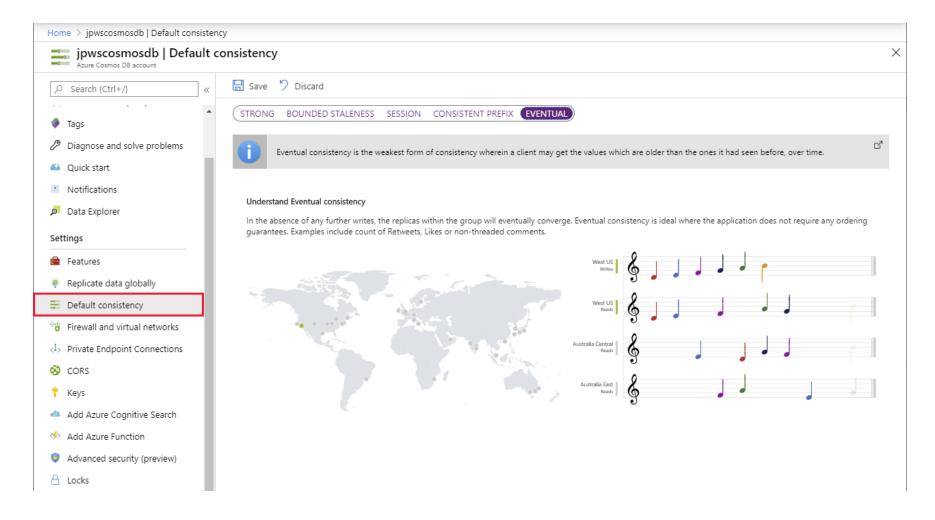


Demo: Configure consistency

Within a single region, Cosmos DB uses a cluster of servers. This approach helps to improve scalability and availability. A copy of all data is held in each server in the cluster. This video explains how this works, and the effects it can have on consistency



Consistency in Azure Cosmos DB



Query Azure Cosmos DB

Aggregation Function Basics

```
COUNT( <fields_to_count> )
SUM( <numeric_fields> )
AVG( <numeric_fields> )
MAX( <numeric_fields> )
MIN( <numeric_fields> )
```

SQL API examples

```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Products p

SELECT SUM(p.quantity) FROM Products p

WHERE p.expired = 0

SELECT AVG(p.price) AS 'Average Price'
FROM Products p

SELECT p1.ID, p.Name, p1.Description,
p1.Price FROM Products p1

WHERE p1.Price = (SELECT MIN(p2.Price) FROM Product p2)
```

Lab: Upload, download, and query data in a non-relational data store



Go to the exercise **Upload**, **download**, **and query data in a non-relational data store** module on Microsoft Learn, and follow the instructions in the module

